$T_{\rm EMPLE} \; U_{\rm NIVERSITY} \; M_{\rm ATHEMATICS} \; C_{\rm OLLOQUIUM}$

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will speak on

Quasilinear elliptic equations in the Heisenberg group

ABSTRACT: We consider minimizers of p-Dirichlet integrals of the type

$$\int_{\Omega} \left(\Lambda^2 + |\mathfrak{X}u|^2 \right)^{p/2} \, dx$$

where $\Lambda \geq 0$, $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^N$ is a given domain, and $\mathfrak{X}u = (X_1u, X_2u, \ldots, X_ku)$ is the gradient of u relative to a frame of linearly independent vector fields $\mathfrak{X} = \{X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_k\}$ in \mathbb{R}^N .

An important class of examples is given by Carnot groups, the simplest of which is the Heisenberg group \mathcal{H}^n . In this case \mathfrak{X} is the horizontal frame consisting of 2n linearly independent left-invariant horizontal vector fields and N = 2n + 1. Estimating the missing derivative is a serious obstacle when trying to extend the classical regularity results to this setting.

We will present an overview of analysis in the Heisenberg group followed by the a discussion of what is known – and mostly unknown – about regularity for these type of degenerate quasilinear equations.

> Monday, April 3, 2006 Lecture at 4:00 pm (\$) Coffee, tea, and refreshments from 3-5 pm Room 617, Wachman Building Department of Mathematics